



Welcome to
ElixirConf[®] US
2024

Supercharging Kafka Processing with Broadway:

Achieving Unmatched Parallelism and Efficiency



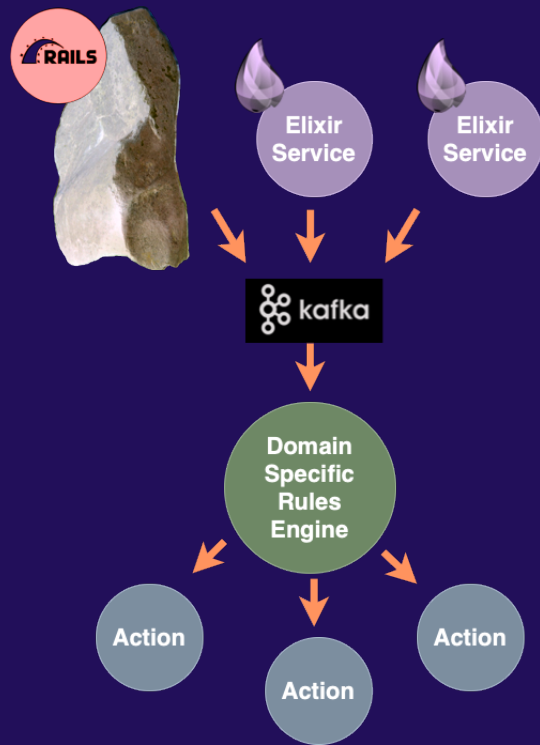
About

- Software Architect
- Johannesburg, South Africa
 - Learned to "do more with less"
- Co-founded a company that built workflow products using an event-driven architecture
 - Tampa, FL
- 20 Ruby open source projects
 - 40 million downloads
 - Scaling Ruby into the Enterprise
- Ruby to Elixir
 - Extreme concurrency
 - Lightning performance
 - Reducing cloud costs
 - "Do more with less"



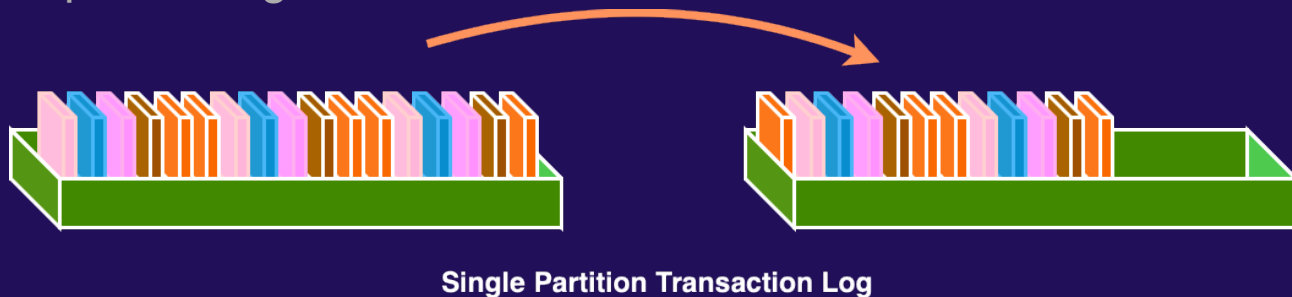
Problem?

- Domain Specific Rules Engine
- Consume events from Kafka
 - Rails monolith
 - Elixir services
 - Existing Topics
 - Partitioned by Tenant id
- Actions
 - HTTP Calls
- High Volume
 - Software as a Service (SaaS)

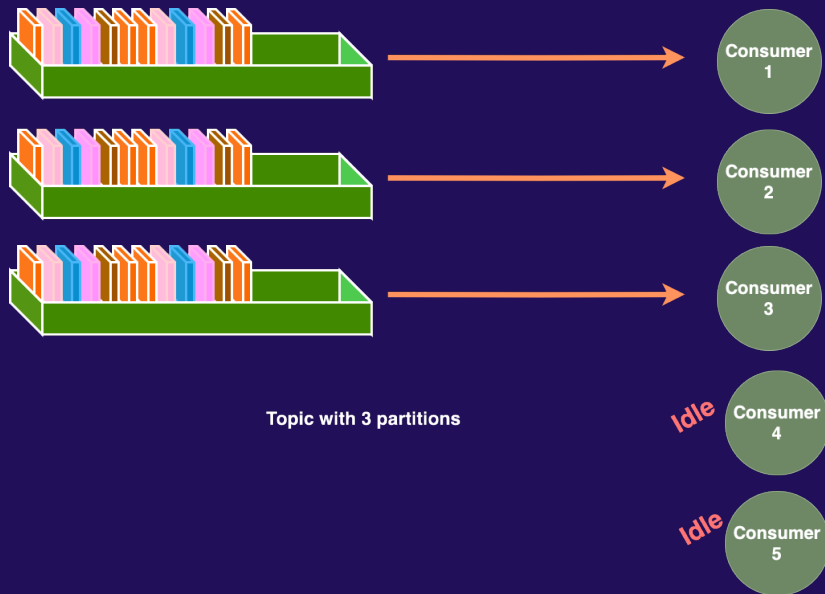


Apache Kafka

- High volume, high throughput, distributed **event streaming platform**
- Database transaction log
 - Immutable
 - Partition-able
 - Stored in order
 - Drop older log files



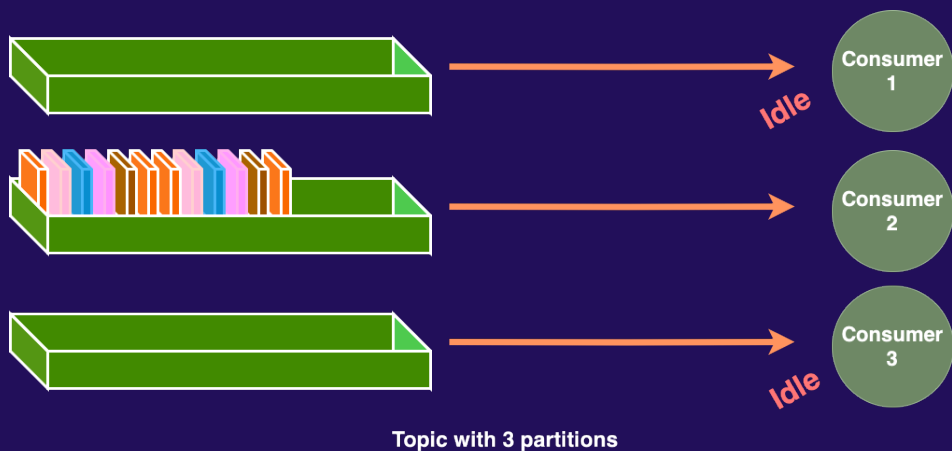
Apache Kafka: Consumer Scalability



- One active consumer per partition
 - Per consumer group
- Scalability limited to the number of partitions



Apache Kafka: Unbalanced Partitioning



- Key based partitioning
 - For example: Tenant ID
 - Retains order by tenant
- Multiple tenants on the same partition
- Noisy neighbor problem
 - One tenant impacts others
 - Enterprise customers
- Random partitioning
 - Better balancing
 - Cannot ensure ordering by tenant
 - Could process `update` before `create`



Apache Kafka: Partition Count

- Assign "just right" number of partitions at topic creation
 - Too few: Limit scalability
 - Too many: Performance issues
- Increasing partitions
 - Complex
 - Affects data distribution and consumer behavior
- No magic formula
 - Based on experience
 - Forged in production



Apache Kafka: Scalability

- How to increase Consumer concurrency?
 - Increase partition count
 - Dealing with unbalanced partitions
- Does Elixir offer another solution?



Elixir Concurrency Model?

- Task
- GenServer
- GenStage
- Flow
- Broadway
- Oban



Task

- Run code in another process
 - `Task.start/1`
 - `Task.async/1`
 - `Task.Supervisor`
 - Run and manage multiple tasks



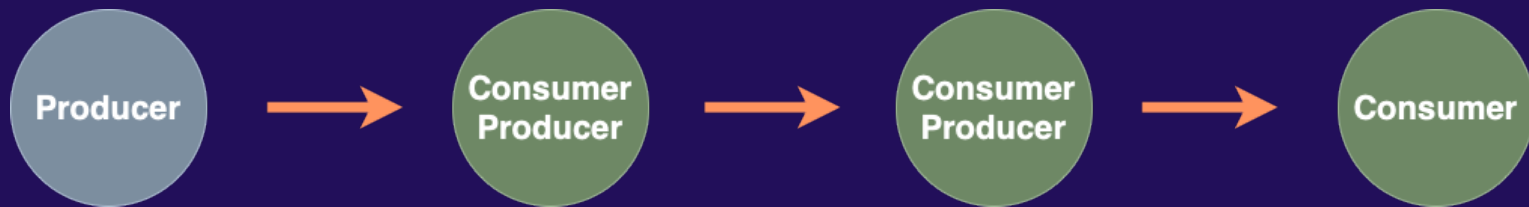
GenServer

- Complex Tasks
- Maintain state
- Long running
- Pull model.
 - Kafka Consumer
 - Fetch one message at a time,
 - Process it,
 - Fetch the next message
- PartitionSupervisor
 - Run multiple GenServers.



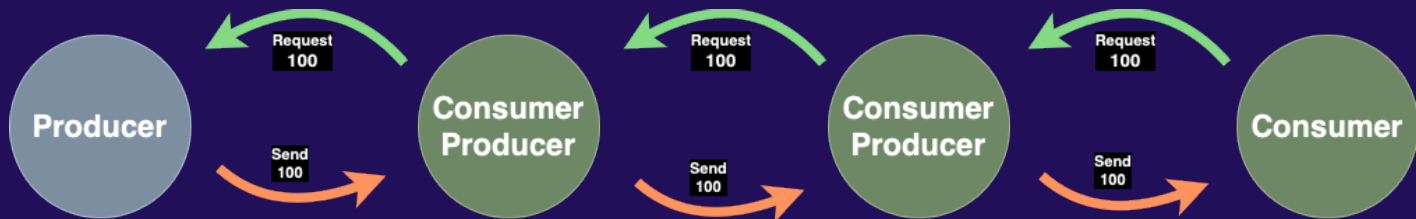
GenStage

- Multi-stage processing pipeline
- Producer pushes messages to consumers



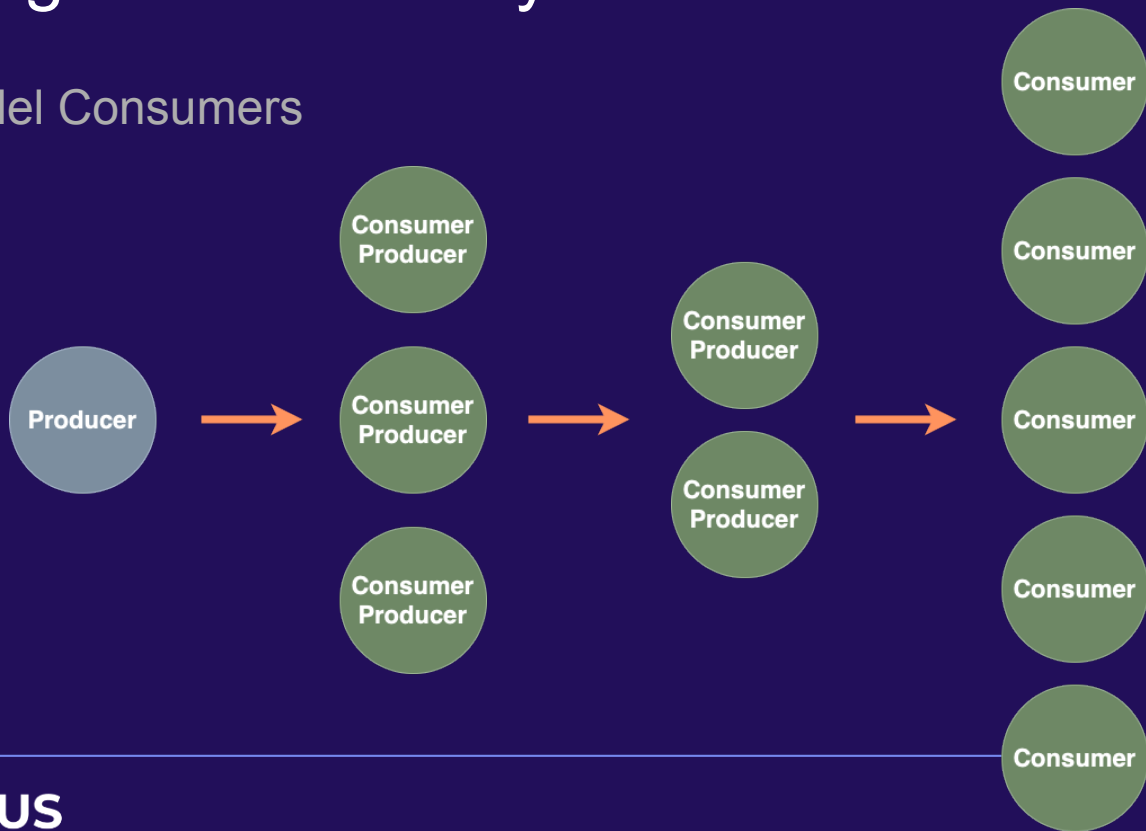
GenStage: Back Pressure

- Consumer requests messages
- Producer pushes messages
 - Up to requested count
- Consumer asks for more during processing



GenStage: Concurrency

- Parallel Consumers



Flow

- Concurrently process large datasets
 - map, reduce
 - filter
 - group_by
 - take_sort
- Partitioning
- Windows
- Triggers
- Back pressure

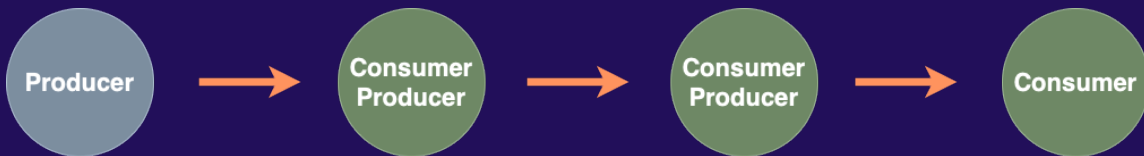
```
File.stream!("path/to/some/file")  
|> Flow.from_enumerable()  
|> Flow.flat_map(&String.split(&1, " "))  
|> Flow.partition()  
|> Flow.reduce(fn -> %{} end, fn word, acc ->  
  Map.update(acc, word, 1, & &1 + 1)  
end)  
|> Enum.to_list()
```



Broadway

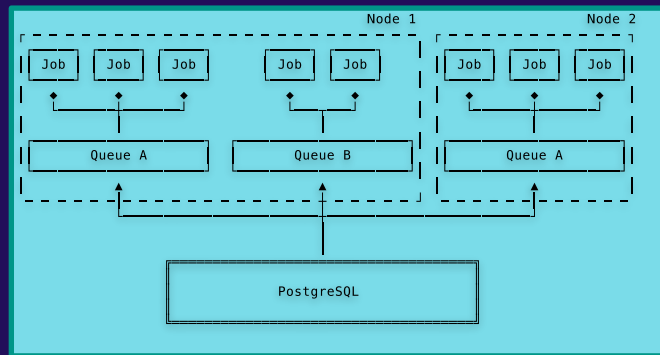


- Event Stream Processing
 - High volume, high throughput, event stream processing
- Multi-stage processing pipeline
- Back-pressure
- Rate Limiting
 - Prevent downstream DDOS
- Batching



Oban

- Job Processing
- PostgreSQL as a queue
- PostgreSQL is the bottleneck
 - Better suited to large jobs
 - Not ideal for Kafka Event processing



Elixir Concurrency Model?

- Task
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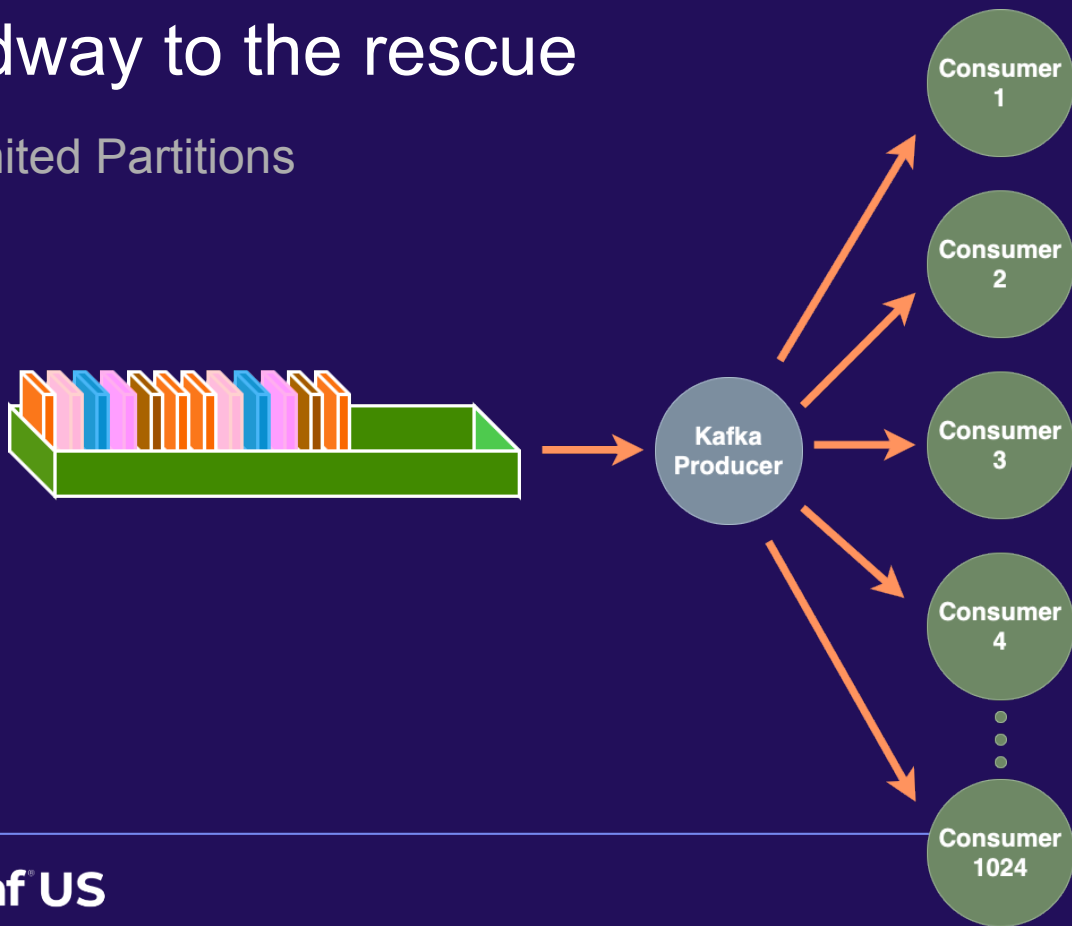


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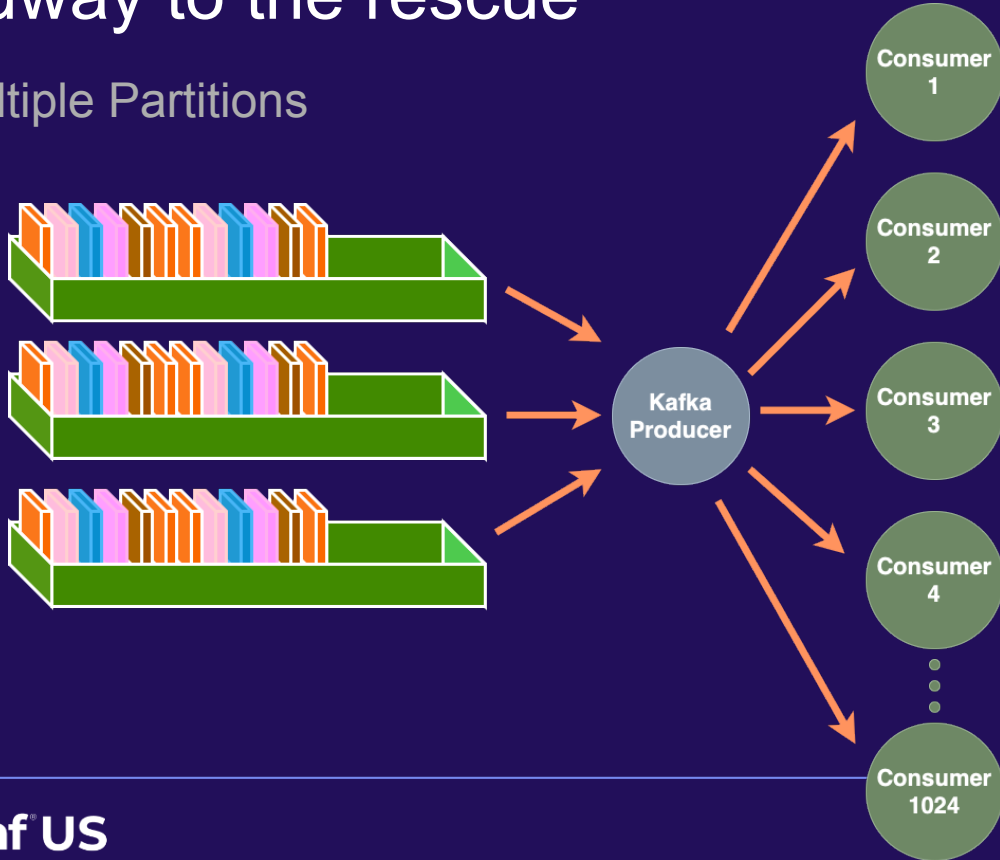
Broadway to the rescue

- Limited Partitions



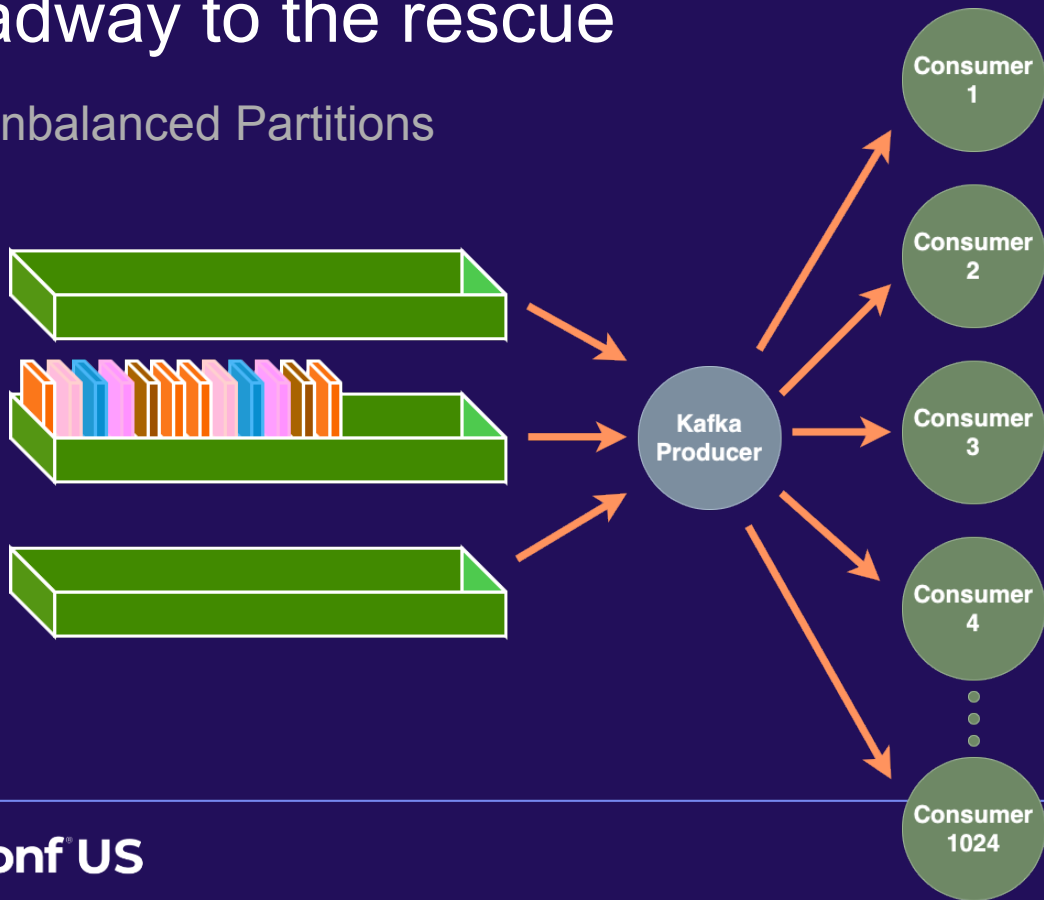
Broadway to the rescue

- Multiple Partitions



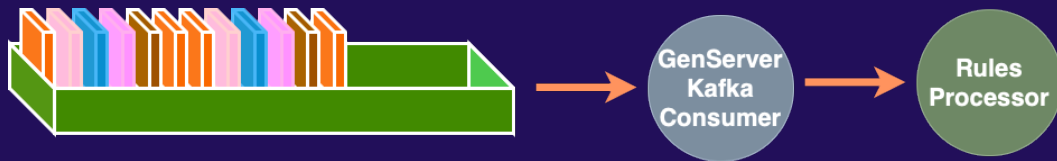
Broadway to the rescue

- Unbalanced Partitions



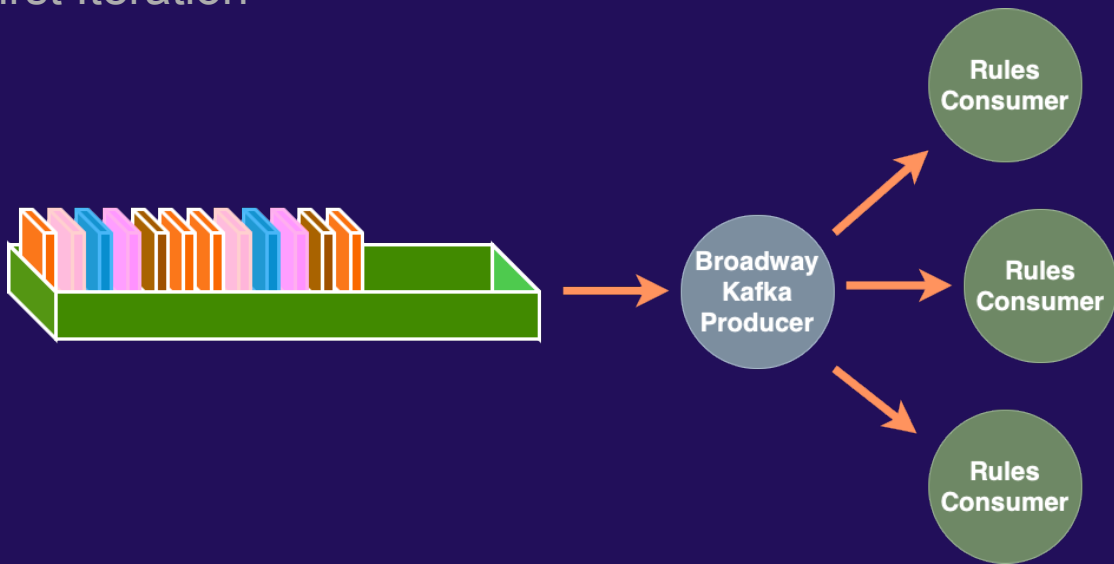
Rules Engine Solution

- Before Broadway
 - GenServer
 - Planned: PartitionSupervisor



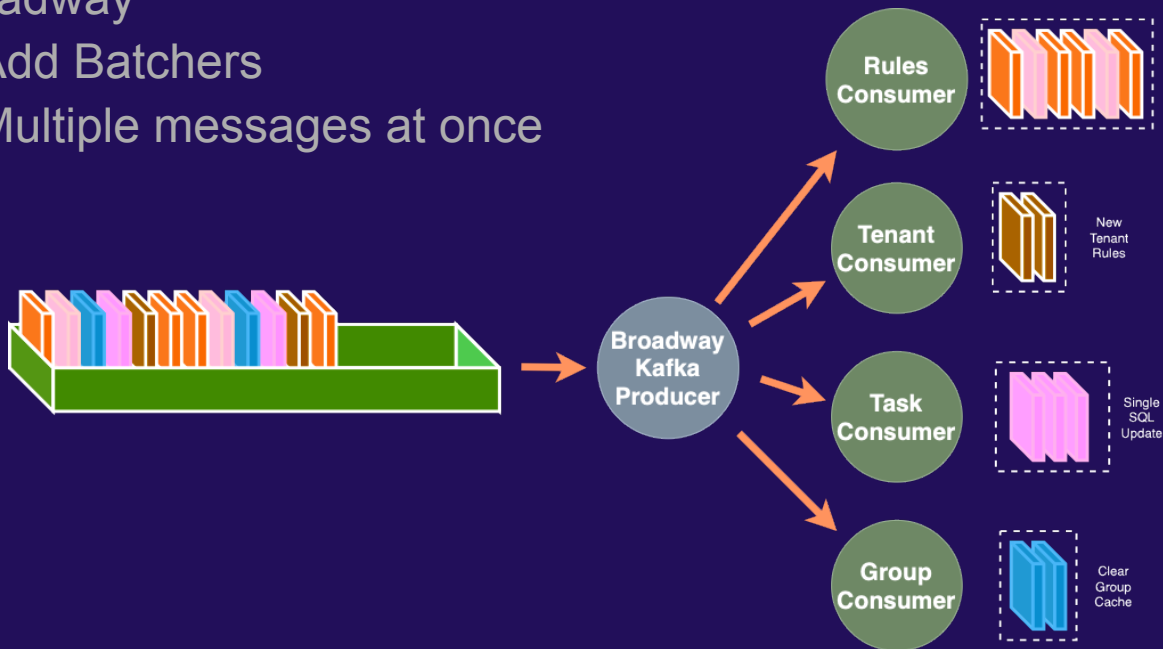
Rules Engine Solution

- Broadway
 - First Iteration



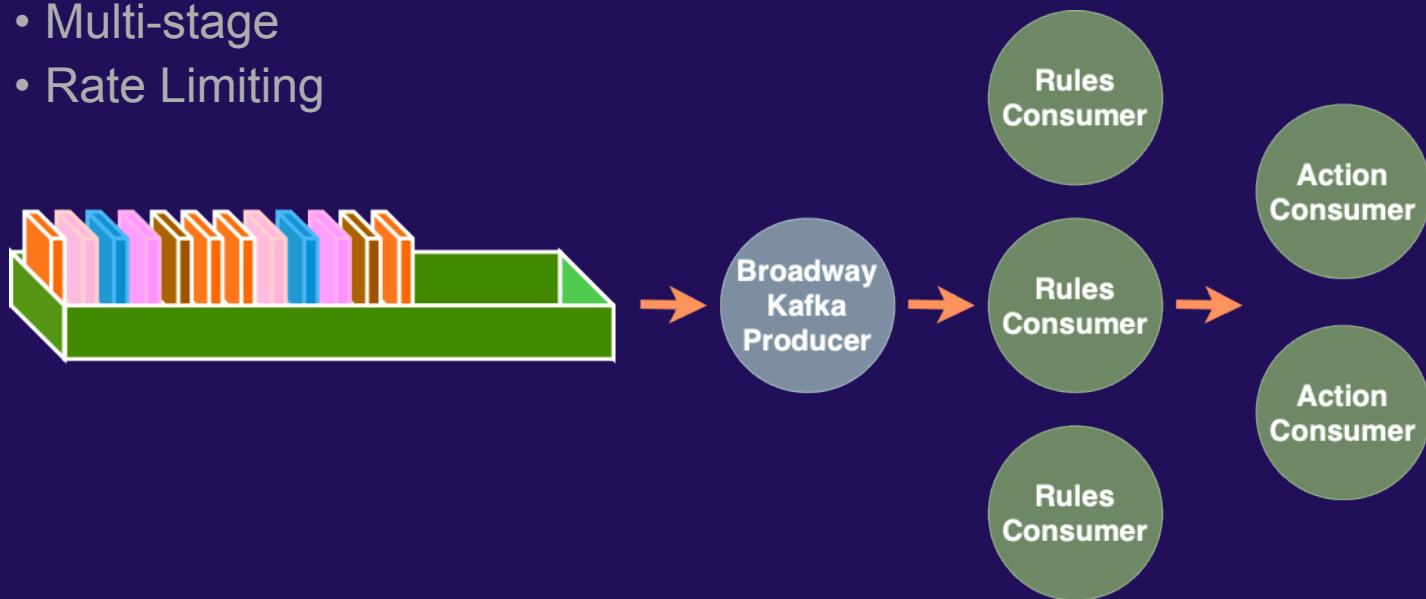
Rules Engine Solution

- Broadway
 - Add Batchers
 - Multiple messages at once



Rules Engine Solution

- Broadway
 - Multi-stage
 - Rate Limiting



Do Differently

- Go straight to Broadway
- Data Source Independent
 - Amazon SQS
 - Google Cloud PubSub
 - Apache Kafka
 - RabbitMQ
 - ...

```
defmodule MyBroadway do
  use Broadway

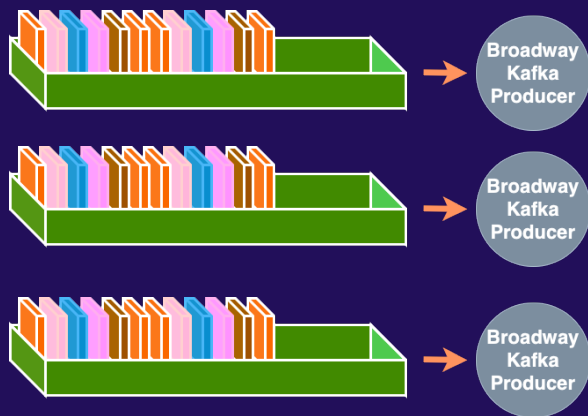
  def start_link(_opts) do
    Broadway.start_link(__MODULE__,
      name: __MODULE__,
      producer: [
        module: {BroadwayKafka.Producer, [
          hosts: [localhost: 9092],
          group_id: "group_1",
          topics: ["test"],
        ]},
        concurrency: 1
      ],
      processors: [
        default: [
          concurrency: 10
        ]
      ]
    )
  end

  def handle_message(_, message, _) do
    IO.inspect(message.data, label: "Got message")
    message
  end
end
```



Challenges

- Match Producers to partitions
 - Kafka Ack did not always flow back



Kafka Best Practices: Format

- Standardized message format
 - JSON
 - Event Name
 - Event Type
 - Event Data
 - Idempotency key
 - Prevent duplicate processing



Kafka Best Practices: Creating new topics

- The "right" partition count
 - Too few: Limit scalability
 - Too many: Performance issues
- Increasing partitions
 - Complex
 - Affects data distribution and consumer behavior
- Using a Partition Key
 - Message ordering by key
 - Unbalanced partitions



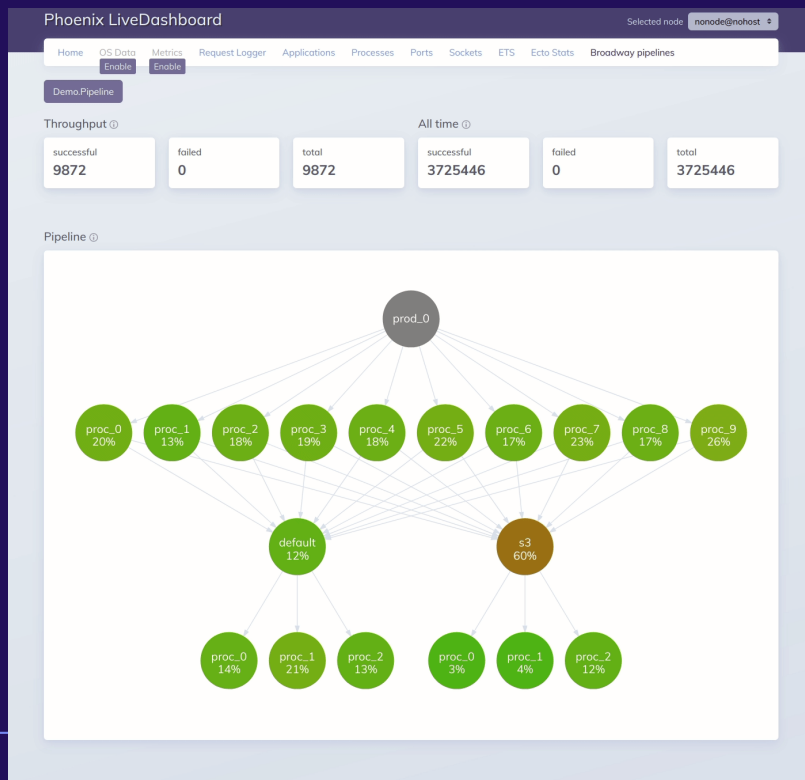
Broadway Features



- Back-pressure
- Automatic acknowledgements at the end of the pipeline
- Batching
- Fault tolerance
- Graceful shutdown
- Metrics
- Custom failure handling
- Ordering and partitioning
- Rate-limiting
- Live View Dashboard



Broadway Dashboard



Questions?

- Github
 - reidmorrison
- Linked In
 - [linkedin.com/in/reidmorrison](https://www.linkedin.com/in/reidmorrison)

